EAE KD-III-UL Busway



1. SUMMARY

1.1 This specification covers the electrical characteristics and general requirements for busways for use in electrical systems rated 600 V and below. The busway system allows users to distribute electrical energy safer and more efficiently within a smaller footprint.

Where designated, low-impedance busway systems of the indicated ratings shall be offered with all necessary fittings, power takeoffs, hanging devices and accessories.

- 1.2 Specification includes:
 - 1.2.1 Three-phase busway system with the following features:

Section 4.1 – Housing Section 4.2 – Conductor Section 4.3 – Insulation Section 4.4 – Joint Structure Section 4.5 – Accessories & Components

2. STANDARDS AND CERTIFICATIONS

- 2.1 The busway shall be designed and manufactured to the following standards:
 - 2.1.1 Electrical Testing Laboratories (ETL) (US/Canada) Classified to UL 857. Each busway rating has been tested individually and complies for all type tests and certified by an independent authorized UL testing laboratory.
 - 2.1.2 Compliant CUL Listing
 - 2.1.3 Compliant National Electric Code (NEC) Article 364 Busways 19
 - 2.1.4 Compliant NEMA AB1, Molded Case Circuit Breakers and Molded Case Switches
 - 2.1.5 NFPA 70 National Fire Protection Agency
 - 2.1.6 EAE has ISO 9001, ISO 14001, OSHAH 18001, ISO 27001 and ISO 17025 certifications.
 - 2.1.7 All the required type tests for each rating shall be available according to IEC 61439-6 and certified with a 3rd party.
 - 2.1.8 Compliant IEC 60364-1 Low-voltage electrical installations
 - 2.1.9 Each product shall have a "Type Label" including coding system, which identifies the brand, type of the unit, number of conductors and electrical details. The same coding shall be on the related certificate and catalogue.

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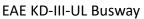
3. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- 3.1 Electrical Requirements
 - 3.1.1 System voltage: Up to 600V
 - 3.1.2 Operating frequency: 50/60 Hz
 - 3.1.3 Ampacity and 3 cycle Symmetrical Short Circuit Rating shall be:

Aluminum conductors	Copper conductors	
250A: 65kA	250A: 65kA	
400A: 65kA	400A: 65kA	
600A: 65kA	600A: 65kA	
	800A: 65kA	

3.1.4 Conductor: 4-conductor (L1/L2/L3/N1/PE housing)
 5-conductors (L1/L2/L3/N1/CPE/PE housing)
 6-conductors (L1/L2/L3/N1/N2/CPE/PE housing)







3.1.5 The Voltage drop of the busway shall follow the table below for the designated voltage and conductor type:

Amperage Rating	Al Busway	Amperage Rating	Copper Busway
(A)	(V)	(A)	(V)
250	3.50	250	3.23
400	4.16	400	3.98
600	4.64	600	4.61
		800	4.57

Note: Voltage drop calculated with power factor = 0.8, Frequency = 60Hz **Note:** Voltage drop is per 100 ft. (3048 cm.)

 Table 1: Voltage Drop by Amperage, Aluminum and Copper Busway

4. COMPONENTS

- 4.1 Housing The busway system shall have an isolation layer around each conductor.
 - 4.1.1 The housing shall have a minimum Ingress Protection (IP) of 23D, offering protection from touch with fingers or similar objects (greater than 0.49 inches (12.5 millimeters)). There shall be protection against a wire touching hazardous parts. The housing shall offer protection from contact with enclosed equipment. The housing shall have no harmful effect protecting from water falling as a spray at any angle up to 60 degrees from the vertical.
 - 4.1.2 Conductors shall be packed and placed into the housing.
 - 4.1.3 Housing shall be made of thermal processed, extruded aluminum, RAL7012-Electrostatic painted.
 - 4.1.4 The busway housing shall be 100% aluminum construction to reduce hysteresis and eddy current losses.
 - 4.1.5 When installed flatwise, 3.94 inches (100 millimeters) of clearance shall be allowed vertically, 5.91 (150 millimeters) horizontally and 11.81 inches (300 millimeters) between two parallel busways (horizontally).
 - 4.1.6 A minimum of 3.94 inches (100 millimeters) shall be allowed when a busway crosses under a beam in the flatwise position.
 - 4.1.7 The minimum distance between busway runs shall be 11.80 inches (300 millimeters).

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4.2 Conductors

- 4.2.1 Straight sections of feeder busway shall be supplied in any length, from a 13.78 inch (350 millimeters) minimum to a 10 feet (3,048 millimeters) maximum.
- 4.2.2 Bus bars shall be suitably plated at all joints and contact surfaces.
- 4.2.3 4 Conductors shall have: (4 full-size conductors + housing).
- 4.2.4 5 Conductors shall have: (5 full-size conductors CPE (100% earth conductor + housing)).
- 4.2.5 6 Conductors shall have: (6 full-size conductors CPE (100% earth conductor + housing)).
- 4.2.6 The neutral conductors shall have the same cross-section and insulation properties as the phase conductors.
- 4.2.7 Aluminum conductors shall be EC grade aluminum.
- 4.2.8 The conductors shall be ordered in copper (98% conductivity), Aluminum (58% conductivity).
- 4.2.9 The Aluminum conductors shall be EC grade aluminum. Minimum conductivity shall be 34 Ω ·m/mm².
- 4.2.10 The Copper conductors shall be composed of 99.95% electrolytic copper at a minimum. The minimum conductivity shall be 56 Ω ·m/mm².
- 4.2.11 The conductors shall be whisker free to ensure better heat dissipation, higher short circuit values and longer operation life.

4.3 Insulation

- 4.3.1 Insulation system shall be suitable for 1.000V continuous operation. Conductor size shall be designed so that temperature rise on the conductors shall not exceed 100°C degree at nominal current, which helps to global heating problem. With this reason, insulation class shall be selected as B-class.
- 4.3.2 All insulators shall be recognized by UL.

4.4 Joint Structure

- 4.4.1 The Joint Pack shall be designed in such a way that both the male and female Joint Packs come pre-installed on the busway sticks, reducing field installation time. The Joint Pack shall be a single assembly that does not require multiple fit ups. The Joint Pack shall be of a bolt design which is able to disassemble the conductors, insulators and other components.
- 4.4.2 A Belleville spring shall be used to ensure contact pressure at the joint.
- 4.4.3 All parts of the joint structure shall be plated with Tin, protecting against contact losses due to corrosion, ensuring safe/reliable earth connections and



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very low resistance values throughout the entire busway run. The plating process shall not involve dipping of the conductor, the plating shall be applied in a powder coat to ensure higher accuracy and consistency of the plated material.

- 4.4.4 It shall be possible to make up a joint from one side in the event the busway is installed against a wall or ceiling. The joint shall be so designed as to allow removal of any length without disturbing adjacent lengths.
- 4.4.5 The fastening mechanism for the Joint Pack shall be designed to have over torque protection. When the torque is exceeded, a failsafe shall be deployed halting further torquing.
- 4.4.6 Installation of the Joint Pack shall be achieved with use of alignment pins, ensuring correct orientation.

4.5 Accessories & Components

- 4.5.1 All system components including Tees, Flanges, Reducers, Expansion Joints, Elbows, etc. shall be of the same material from the same manufacturer.
- 4.5.2 End pieces and end caps shall be provided to install at the ends of each line.
- 4.5.3 The busway system shall offer all necessary accessories. Special or custom accessories shall be available upon request to meet design parameters. Special busway shall have a minimum length of 13.78 inches (350 millimeters) and a maximum length of 10 feet (3048 millimeter).
- 4.5.4 Tap-off-box (TOB) The TOB shall be designed so that all cable runs/connections do not exude excessive force to the contacts, reducing mechanical stress. The TOB shall have a simple installation design, plug-and-play, not requiring any special tools or processes.
 - 4.5.4.1 The cable TOB shall be designed to have a small profile and direct connection to the busway, eliminating the need for transition or other modules.
 - 4.5.4.2 The TOB shall be plug-n-play type.
 - 4.5.4.3 Plug-n-play TOB shall be suitable to install or remove from busbars without switching off the power on the busbar.
 - 4.5.4.4 Plug-n-play TOB shall be suitable to install or remove anywhere alongside the busbar.
 - 4.5.4.5 The TOB contacts shall be protected with a cover.
 - 4.5.4.6 The TOB contacts shall be heat cycle tested.
 - 4.5.4.7 Contacts of plug-in TOB shall be silver plated. The contacts shall have constant contact pressure achieved with double sided spring system.

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- 4.5.4.8 The special locking mechanism of the TOB shall ensure the weight of the plug-in box and cables can be maintained by the busbar housing.
- 4.5.4.9 While inserting the contacts of plug-in TOB, earth contact shall make the first touch. While removing, it shall be disconnected last.
- 4.5.4.10 TOB shall be manufactured of epoxy painted aluminum.
- 4.5.4.11 The TOB shall be equipped with a safe alignment mechanism to ensure correct installation and operation.
- 4.5.4.12 The TOB shall have a snap-in suspension mechanism allowing for easy and fast structural mounting.
- 4.5.4.13 When mounting the bus, a clip shall be available which allows for simple toolset installation.